THE BLUE-RIBBON CRUSADE

Spirit of Murphy's Meetings in Speeches and Support from Church Workers.

Ministers Predict that It Is Leading Rapidly to a Great Religious Revival-Another Enthusiastic Greeting to a Young Orator.

A prayer-meeting for the Murphy movement, was held at the former Republican headquarters in the New Denison House Block yesterday afternoon, and the room was crowded with the earnest supporters of the work. The Rev. Dr. Hendrickson presided and in opening the services said: "There are certain well-defined peculiarities about this great movement which has been inaugurated by this man who has come among us almost unheralded, but vested with the very power of God, and ripe in experience. Everything looks as if this was of God, and now all we need. Christian friends, to enter this work of redeeming this city from sin, is to pray for it that we may have strength to carry it forward till triumph rests on the banner of the Lord."

Rev. Dr. Keen, of Roberts Park M. E. Church, then arose and said: "This movement has become a revival presence in our city. There is something peculiar about such work. The publie begin to think and to feel a certain tenderness in their own religious welfare. I am impressed greatly by the belief that God's spirit is abroad in this city as it has never been before during my acquaintance with it, and if we depend on God alone to give us the victory the outcome is going to be something more wonderful than we have ever witnessed. I have already felt the presence and power of these meetings in my church work. Last Saturday afternoon I was conducting a special meeting for children, and before it was over there entered a man who soon commenced weeping bitterly. He rose and said: 'I once loved God and was a minister of His holy gospel. My home was surrounded with every luxury, but, little by little, the power of drink has brought me to my present condition. And I want to say, as I stand before you to-day, that I am seeking God again, and by His power I will never drink another drop! Yes, God's spirit had touched that miserable man's soul, and he awakened again that very day to the light of the truth. I am glad that the Murphys make this a gospel movement, and give all honor and glory to Christ. The Lord God is honoring them with the dominion of power in return. It was my privilege to work with Francis day, followed his example."

At the close of Mr. Murphy's address, he went Zanesville, where my pastorate preceding this was located, and I found, as you find, that he has the power, and unction, and close communion, and de-pendence on God, and the moral bravery and stamina to lead the biggest movement that the churches are capable of backing."
A number of fervent petitions to God for

guidance in the great work were then offered by the leading divines of this city, and, on testi-monials being called for, a man rose and said that he was a convert only twenty-four hours old. He had been a newspaper reporter in the far West, but was compelled to abandon his profession from drink. He had signed the pledge ten years ago, and many times since, but only to break it and fall lower each time, even though he had once signed it with his own blood, and still bears the scars where he gashed his arm to secure the crimson flow. Nothing could make it bit ding, and he traveled from city to city to get rid of the curse, but everywhere it followed. The only place where he had not been able to get liquor was in Kansas, where, he said, the law really and practically prohibited the sale of it, and his six mentas there had done him considerable good. One week ago last Sunday, a friend stopped him, when on the streets of Chicago, and said: "Where are you going?" "To the devil," was the reply, "and I want you to get out of my way." "Oh, before you do that, you had better come around to a temperance meeting, at the Y. M. C. A., with us, and see if you can't stop this." He went, and a young man arose and testified, at the meeting, that he had signed the pledge and broken it himself many times. The general secretary of the Y. M. C. A., Mr. Elliott, who was present, rose and said, pointing his finger at him, "Young man, what you want is to stop following Murphy, and get Murphy's God." The reporter left the hall in a daze, went out and smothered the thoughts that pricked his soul in drink, boarded a train for Indianapolis, and almost the first thing his eyes lit on, last Sunday morning as he was coming into the city on the train was the report of Murphy's meeting here. He went to the meeting, but could get no comfort, and refused Mr. Murphy when he asked · him to sign the pledge, saying he did not pro-pose to sign any more to be broken. But constantly those burning words, "Get Murphy's God," were with him, and Monday afternoon he went up to the Y. M. C. A., and there, in the secretary's office, he resigned the awful struggle with drink that was gnawing his vitals, and have himself up, through faith, to God. He fest at once a new power to conquer the appetite the moment he was converted, and that day had been the first he had not had a glass of liquor for years. On Monday night he signed the pledge, saying to the people as he did it that it was not from Murphy, nor from the paper, nor from the ribbon he expected help, but of God alone, and he felt it his duty to sign it to show which side he was on. This testimony elicited much interest in the intelligent young man who gave it, and after the meeting ministers and prominent business men crowded around him with expressions of sympathy and desire to help him keep in the new way.

Temperance and Society.

There was another large audience to hear the young temperance orator, Thomas E. Murphy, at the First Baptist Church last night, and it is very evident from his second enthusiastic reception, that the son will be as popular as the father. Mr. Murphy has quite a different style from his father, and is, perhaps, somewhat more polished in his delivery, though not more forcible. Dr. Rondthaler, in opening the meeting, said he proposed putting the practical side of the movement before the people for a few moments, as he observed that those before him represented much power to assist it from a financial stand-point. He wanted his hearers to be thoroughly acquainted with the actual support thus far received and needed. In making a statement in some detail he showed that there was still a serious deficit to be supplied to meet the necessarily large expense of conducting the meetings in Tomlinson Hail, though the management ventured to assert that in no previous great public movement of this kind in this city as much result been attained, dollar expended, as in this one. Leading business men of large means, such as some of those in the audience before him, should send to the committee checks for such amounts as they felt they would be willing to contribute, even though it be regarded as simply in behalf of the social elevation of the masses from vice. They and everybody else should interest themselves in assisting the liquorsellers who have been thrown out of employment by their resolutions to reform, as well as those who have lost their occupa-tions from drink. The people should not be accused, as Christians, of seeing men suffer who had turned to the right, with all faith in society that she would succor them.

For the benefit of the business men present the

Doctor then read a long list of cases which he knew to be worthy of immediate aid, in nearly every one of which the men had a regular trade or profession. He made an earnest appeal for prompt action in the matter, saying that the people coming forth in great numbers to witness the work and express sympathy was not all that was wanted. Money was wanted to carry it forward, and money to back what had already been accomplished.

Doctor as a "worthy son of a worthy father," came forward, amid much applause, to speak upon "Temperance in Its Social, Moral and Re-ligious Position to Society." At the outset he dwelt upon the fall of man from the perfect con-dition in which God created him, and then, passing to the relation of temperance to society, said: "It is the same in this reform against the horrors of drink as with all the great movements. that have shaken humanity to its very foundations Its leaders have been laughed at, its proposals called impossible, its results doubted even without reason, and even treated with suspicion. But I declare to you from this platform to night, the: I see a great disease in drink, and I have not merely a great but the only remedy that can be found to offer in the total abstinence of the individual. [Great applause.] They doubt temperance. Yes, and they should doubt Christianity itself, in consistency, for I hold that temperance is an integral result of the teachings of Christianity,

T. E. Murphy being then introduced by the

him with: 'Is your father a Christian, my

" 'A what?' " 'A Christian?"

"'Why, yes sir, he is, but he ain't working at it much now.' [Laughter.] You are afraid to pitch into the missionary side of it, and leave the rest with God; that is the difficulty. Your strength, if you ever had any, has disappeared in this way. You should learn a lession from the man who had just signed the pledge in a place I knew about. He carried a lot of pledge cards in his pocket, and ribbons too [laughter], and just did his mission work right on the street. He met an acquaintance who was a prominent citizen, and said: 'You, sir, have been conspicuous by your absence from this work. Why do you not lend your example to this movement? Because there is not a shadow of your succeeding. You temperance people get up a little excitement now and then, but things subside pretty rapidly and run on the same as ever. You see you are too vastly in the minority to ever come out on top, and I cannot worry myself about it.' 'Are minorities always wrong?' asked his friend. 'Well, since you put the question straight, I must say that I believe they generally are,' he replied. 'How would you have liked to have been with the majority at the time of the flood? asked the missionary [laughter], and the man was silenced.

"The most insidious error of all intempearnce is to be found in the self-deception of temperate indulgence. [Amens.] Sixty thousand men annually go down to drunkards' gaves in this fair country, and these are recruited, not from the ranks of men who set out with the determination of dissipated lives, but from the ranks of our moderate drinkers. When I was in England, I was called to undo some of the results of this fatal error of moderate indulgence at the town of Moneymore, where they had started a temperance society, whose pledge was that its members should never drink except when they ate. What was the result? Why, instead drinking only at regular every man carried his pocket full of crackers and ate about sixteen times a day. [Laughter.] I was enter-tained at the house of Sir William Cunningham, and at a dinner given in my honor I noticed that he indulged freely in champagne. Now it transpired that he was to preside that night at my meeting. [Laughter.] Yes, he was the temperance leader of the town, according to the English idea, and he rose and introduced me with the assertion that he believed in moderate indulgence, but they would hear me with patience. [Laughter.] That was my encouragement, but before that meeting was over his wife, Lady Cunningham, had signed the pledge, together with her fashionable daughters.
As these women were social leaders there, it created a great sensation. The daughters returning from the meeting asked the village squire to sign, and were told to do some mission work on their father first. [Laughter.] They told their father what he said. 'Hem, hem,' said he, 'did the 'squire have the impudence to say that?' 'Yes.' 'Well what do you want me to do?' 'Sing the pledge,' they replied in chorus, which he consented to do, and in a few days two-thirds

down personally among the audience who remained in their places and induced a great many to sign the pledge, while his young wife and several other ladies tied on the ribbons at the

of his country regiment, which he reviewed next

table as they came forward to sign. Received Only Part of His Mail.

A citizen received yesterday a letter which he expected on Sunday, and which was then called for at the postoffice, as it has been his habit to go there on Sund ay for his mail. The letter was postmarked "New York. 13th," and "Indianapolis, 15th, A. M.;" yet, specially seeking it on Sunday, after its receipt on Saturday, he was furnished, as the postmark shows, only a part of his mail, as this letter lay in the postoffice undelivered. He was put to much inconvenience, and is probably thrown, he says, into some costs by the delay, not to say telegraphing. He will send the envelope in question, with affidavits, to a special agent of the depart-

Did Not Have a Quorum.

The L., N. A. & C. Railroad Company auxious to have the Board of Aldermen concur in the ordinance granting a right of way into the city from the northeast, so that it can begin work on the extension. A call was issued for a special meeting of the board last night, but a quorum was not present.

Inaugural Invitations.

The executive committee having charge of the preparations for the reception and ball attending Governor-elect Hovey's inauguration desire to have members of the invitation committee to send in their lists at once to Dr. Frank W. Hays, at the New Denison.



WALTER L. BRAGG, Interstate-Commerce Commissioner, and Renominated by President Cleveland.

In Hot Pursuit of a Postoffice. Norway (Me.) Advertiser. Andrew Smith, of Andover, is presenting a paper to every person he meets, men and wom-

en alike, and telling the latter especially that it is for their interest to sign it. The following is a copy of the petition, as it is called: "This is a petition, and it certifies that we Republicans will walk the quarter-deck after March 4 next, and the business of this government will run on Republican principles, viz.:
'To the victor belong the spoils.' And it further certifies that Old Andy is spoiling for the postoffice at Andover cross roads. It is also a warning that any man or woman that does not sign this will get no more mail matter after

March 4. 'You pays your money, you takes your choice.'" The petition has more than 100 signatures. Among them we came across our minister's

Wonderful Growth of Canadian Cities.

Toronto Empire. The Canadian cities have nothing to be asbamed of in the growth recorded during the last twenty years. We have Toronto springing from 56,000 in 1871 to 170,000 in 1888, and Montreal growing from 107,000 in 1871 to 186,000 in 1886; Hamilton, during the same period, increasing from 26,700 to 41,280, London from 15,820 to 26,000, and Ottawa from 21,000 to 36,000. In the five years between 1881 and 1886, Montreal gained 32 per cent., Toronto 54, Hamilton 17, London 32, and Ottawa 36.

Voted the Wrong Ticket.

The woman who voted the wrong ticket and demanded to be allowed to take it from the ballot-box was out on Tuesday, as usual. She denounced the vengeance of the law upon all the ward officers as she left the polls. Men sometimes make this same mistake also. A distinguished Boston lawyer and one of the stanch-est Republicans, stumbled into giving Cleveland many a home. a vote in this way in 1884.

Politicians Defy the Courts.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 18 .- In spite of the injunction served on the County Commissioners of this county, last Saturday, the commissioners last night certified to the Governor the returns of the election as to Congressman in this county. This is in direct violation of the mandate of the Circuit Court.

American Civilization Spreading.

Ten thousand people crowded to see the American base-ball players at Sydney, New South Wales. The trip over the Pacific promises to be a great success. American civilization is

GATHERING OF THE LEGION

The Organization of the Indiana Commandery of Soldiers of the Civil War.

Programme of To-Day's Receptions and Business Meeting and the Banquet To-Night-An Assembly of Distinguished Vistors.

To-day marks a notable addition to the military orders of the State in the organization of the Indiana Commandery of the Loyal Legion. This order, which was instituted April 15, 1865, to commemorate the services and memory of officers of the army and navy who aided in maintaining the honor, integrity and supremacy of the national government in the rebellion of 1861-65, now extends throughout the United States, and carries on its rolls the names of most of the distinguished soldiers of the Union, both living and dead. Its organization was framed on the model of the Order of Cincippati, which had its origin in the camps of the revolutionary heroes, and like it it seeks to perpetuate the principles upon which a great conflict was fought by making the eldest sons of living members of the order likewise members of the association, and thus continuing it as a permanent institution. The order now has commanderies in eighteen States and Territories, including Pennsylvania, New York, Maine, Massachusetts, California, Wisconsin, Illinois, District of Columbia, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Oregon, Missouri, Nebrasks, Kansas, Iowa, Colorado and Indiana. It had reached a total membership of 5,260 when the last report was issued, on the 31st of Octoper last. Its commander-in-chief is Brevet Rutherford B. Hayes, Major-general U. S. V., vice Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, U. S. A., deceased; its senior vice-commander-in-chief is Brevet Maj.-Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, U. S. V., and its junior vice-commander is Brevet Maj.-Gen. Walter Q. Gresham, U. S. V.

Its objects, as set forth in its constitution, adopted in 1865, are to cherish the memories

and associations of the war waged in defense of the unity and indivisibility of the Republic; to strengthen the ties of fraternal fellowship and sympathy formed from companionship in arms; to advance the best interests of the soldiers and sailors of the United States, especially of these associated as members, and to axtend all possible relief to their widows and children; to foster the cultivation of military and naval science; to enforce unqualified allegiance to the general government; to protect the rights and liberties of American citizenship, and to maintain the national honor. Union and independ-

As to members or companions, they are di-vided into four classes. The first is made up of the commissioned officers of all branches of the service engaged in the suppression of the re-bellion previous to April, 1865, and the eldest direct male lineal descendents of such deceased commissioned officers who were companions of the first class. The second class is com-posed of the eldest sons of living original companions of the first class who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and these may succeed to companionship of the first class upon the deaths of companions of the first class, through whom their eligibility of membership is derived. The third class is of gentlemen in civil life who, during the rebellion, have been specially distinguished for conspicuous and consistent loyalty to the national government, and who have been active and eminent in sustaining the supremacy of the same.

Members may be elected upon applications upon the recommendation of three companions of the first class, and the fundamental principles of the order are recognized as its only test of loyal citizenship, the discussion of sectarian or partisan topics within a commandery being prohibited.

The Indiana Commandery was begun Oct. 17, 1888, its charter being granted on that date by the commander-in-chief giving the right to per-feet the organization at Indianapolis at such a time as might be thereafter selected. It was determined to organize the new commandery here to-day, and at a meeting of the charter members, held at the residence of Col. Chas. S. Millard on the 17th ult., the following committees were appointed:

On invitation and reception—Col. Oran Perry, Gen. Fred Knefler, Lieut. Stanton J. Peelle.
On entertainment—Col. Chas. S. Millard, Mr.J. Chas. L. Wilson, Lieut. B. B. Peck.
On programme—Gen. J. R. Carnahan, Maj. W. H. Calkins, Maj. Clifton Comly, U. S. A.
Executive committee—Col. Oran Perry, Col. Chas. S. Millard, Gen. J. R. Carnahan.
On rules and regulations—Col. Eli Lilly, Gen. G. F. McGinnis, Lieut. B. B. Peck.
On nominating officers—Maj. W. H. Calkins, Col. R. S. Robertson, Maj. James S. Ostrander.

The programme, as arranged for to-day, in-cludes the reception of visiting by resident companions at the assembly-room of the Bates House, which will be the headquarters of the commandery. At noon all companions of the order, and those to be balloted for, are requested to assemble at headquarters, where intro-ductions are will be in order. During the afternoon companions will be received at the residences of General Harrison, Major Clifton Comly, U. S. A., and Dr. Horace R. Allen. At 6 P. M. the formal organization of the commandery by General R. B. Hayes, and the business meeting will take place. The candidates to be voted for are as follows:

For the first class: Henry C. Adams, Horace R. Allen, William J. Allen, Ferdinand F. Boltz, George F. Branham, Cyrus E. Briant, George R. Brown, George Butler, Henry Campbell, John W. Coon, Francis C. Crawford, Byron Dawson, Francis M. Dowden, Isaac C. Elston, Crawford Fairbanks, George E. Farrington, Lucien A. Foote, Augustus C. Ford, Charles S. Frink, George F. Herriott, William P. Herron, Wilbur F. Hitt, William P. Johnson, Charles Kahle, James T. Lawman, John H. Lindley, Flatcher Herron, Wilbur F. Hitt, William P. Johnson, Charles Kahlo, James T. Layman, John H. Lindley, Fletcher E. Marsh; Thomas H. B. McCain, Horace McKay, Charles D. Pearson, John B. Pence, William H. Rexford, James R. Ross, Isaac H. C. Royse, Nicholas R. Ruckle, John N. Runyan, John W. Ryan, Charles W. Smith, John W. Smith, John E. Vought, Courtland E. Whitsit, William D. Wiles, Thomas B. Wood, Charles A. Zollinger. For the first class, by inheritance: Roscoe O

Hawkins. For the second class: Clarence M. Foster, Otto Gresham, Russell B. Harrison, Charles A. Wilson. At 8 P. M. a banquet will be served at the Bates House, at which Gen. Lew Wallace will preside and deliver the address of welcome. Further addresses will be made by Gen. R. B. Hayes; Major J. S. Ostrander, of Richmond; Capt. Eugene Carey, of Chicago; Col. D. W. McClung, of Cincinnati; Gen. D. P. Dyer, of St. Louis, and others, and the St. Louis Singing School of the Missouri Commandery, accompanied by their pianist, will furnish musical selections. It is expected that the banquet will be one of the most attractive and elaborate spreads ever served in the city. The diningroom of the hotel, as well as the office, assemblyroom and parlors, have been tastefully decorated in honor of the occaand the house presents a very attractive and handsome appearance. Of the number of visitors who are here and to arrive it is impossible to give an accurate estimate. Gen. R. B. Hayes, General Wright and other distinguished members of the order arrived last evening, the former being quartered at the New Denison. Ex-Governor Fletcher and a number of the St. Louis companions are

coming to-day in the private car of the general superintendent of the Wabseh & Pacific road. Delegations of eighty from Chicago, fifty from Cincinnati, thirty from Detroit, twenty from Des Moines, fifteen from Milwaukee, and probably fifty from various points in this State are expected, and it is probable that the occassion will bring together over three hundred men distinguished by their past achievements and present position. In any event, it will be a company of whose presence the city may well be proud, and it is to be hoped that citizens generally will hang out their

Don't Forget the Poor.

flage and give the city as holiday an appearance

While adding to the joy and delight of the family fireside by generous remembrances for Christmas, don't forget that many a heart can be gladdened and many a lowly home be cheered by some graceous offering at this glad time. The outlook for a merry Christmas is dubious in

The Dissatisfaction Mutual.

Chicago Tribune. Depew--Forepaugh, I wish you would shave off those side-whiskers. I am getting tired of being mistaken for a showman. Forepaugh-Depew, I wish you would raise ; mustache. I am getting tired of being asked a hundred times a day what Cabinet position I am hankering for.

Advice to the Weather Bureau. New York Evening Post.

The Signal Service Bureau explains that the large number of cloudy days that we have when it predicts "fair" weather are not to be charged as failures of its predictions; that it classifies as "fair" all days that are neither clear nor stormy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a peculiar medicine. It is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock. Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other wellknown and valuable vegetable remedies, by a pecaliar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures where other preparations fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such has become its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighbor-

hoods are taking it at the same time. Lowell

druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than

of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

meteorology or common sense to hinder the bureau from saying cloudy when it means cloudy, and then the public will understand it.

The Tennesses "Coil."

Boston Transcript. The refusal of Tennessee's Secretary of State to attest the certificate of election which Governor Taylor issued to Congressman-elect Evans (Rep.), creates a situation which dramatists describe as "a coil." Probably the next Congress will consider the Governor's signature as good as the Secretary's, if not a great deal better.

A Slur on the Sex.

Buffalo Express. A Miss Wheelock, of Milwaukee, makes a living by teaching the game of whist. It is an interesting enlargement of the field of woman's work. If she can teach women to remember the trump, a chair in some college faculty ought to be created for her.

Why It Went Out.

New York Sun. "Keep your seats, please, ladies and gentlemen," said a theatrical manager, "there is no son the gas went out." Then a boy shouted from the gallery: "Per-haps it didn't like the play."

The Holiday Edition (1888) of B. S. Parker's "CABIN IN THE CLEARING." The favorite Indiana book for holiday presentation. At the Bowen-Merrill Company's and Cathcart & Cleland's.

Holiday Excursion Rates. The popular Bee-line railway will sell excursion tickets to and from all stations at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold Dec. 24, 25 and 31, 1888, and Jan. 1, 1889, Good going only on date of sale, and returning till Jan. 3. For time of trains call on ticket-agents Bee-line, No. 2 Bates House, Union Station and 138 South Illinois street.

Imported Wines. For fine ports, sherries, Rhine wines, etc., go to Casper Schmalholz, importer, 29 S. Meridian st. Goods sold from single bottle on up.

Pur them down, Remember that if coughs, colds and other affections of the lungs and throat are not met in the beginning with the proper antidote they may soon become fatal. Put them down with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. It is infallible. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

SHORT'S K. K. cures coughs or hearseness. Advice to Motners;

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It reheves the little sufferer at once; it produes natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhosa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty avecents a bottle.

SHORT'S K. K. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

ITTLE MARY CECILIA BRUNOLD Has just been cured of the worst Eczema ever seen by the doctors who treated her. From head to feet a mass of diseased skin. Several physicians, a medical college and all remedies fail. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

My little daughter, Mary Cecilia Brunold, was af-flicted with the worst case of eczema ever seen by the doctors who treated her. She was literally covered from head to foot with scabs. These physicians tried their best to cure her, but I believe they were only experimenting. They kept on experimenting for over ten mouths, but, instead of getting better, the child got worse, and I did not know what course to pursue. My wife took her, after we had paid all we could afford for medical treatment, to a medical college where there were some twenty or thirty doctors assembled, but the case baffled them all. My wife had to go ev-ery day, and sometimes twice a day. In fact, the medicine they gave my child did not have time to act, even if there was any virtue in it, it was changed so and money were both exhausted, I made up my mind to quit all doctoring and try the Cuticura Remedies. I did so, and now I can say that my daughter is cured, sound in health, and well, to the surprise of hundreds.

The druggist, Mr. H. M. Krueger, corner Chauteau and Ewing avenues, who sold us the Cuticura Remedies, is as much astonished as any of us. The Curticura Remedies have worked a complete cure, and we have used but a little more than three-fourths of a bottle of Curticura Resolvent, and a proportionate amount of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap. I am ready

amount of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap. I am ready at any time to make affidavit that my daughter had the worst case of eczema, as the doctors all admit, ever seen in this city, and that she has been cured solely by the Cuticura Remedies, after the best physi-cians and remedier failed. I shall be glad to have any one call upon or write me who has a child similarly afflicted, or any person who is troubled with a skin disease, that he may see for himself what your Cuticura Remedies have done.

I do this in gratitude for the cure that has been effected in my child's case.

CHAS. B. BRUNOLD,

2905 Gratiot street, St. Louis, Mo.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c; Soap, 25c; Resolvent, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

LOVE Hands produced by Cuticura Soap. KIDNEY PAINS With their weary, dull, aching, lifeless, all-gone sensation, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-subduing plaster. All

GAS STOVES

druggists, 25 cents.

They Give Perfect Satisfaction Nearly 2,000 in use in this city. No kindling required; no coal to carry; no ashes to remove. Prices from \$2 to \$16.

GAS ENGINES FROM ONE-EIGHTH HORSE-POWER UP We sell to gas consumers in this

city only. On exhibition and for

sale at the COMPANY

No. 47 S. Pennsylvania St.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 19, 1888. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Indiana Insurance Company will be held at the office of the company, 64 East Market street, Indianapolis, on Tuesday, Jan. 8, 1889, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the election of president and six directors. N. S. BYRAM, President. M. V. McGILLIARD, Secretary.

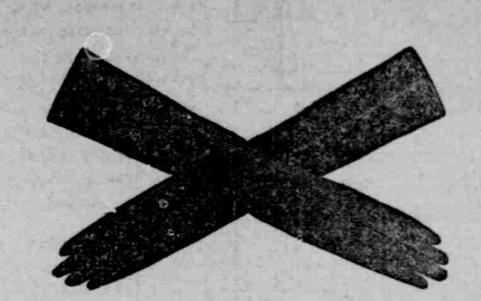
Northwest side Circle Park.

and must be attained as such if attained at all.

[Applause.] The trouble with you Christians is that you are too much like the father, of whom his little son said to a stranger who accosted

"fair" all days that are neither clear nor stormy.

The bureau will do itself a favor by abolishing such a silly definition. One of Webster's definitions of fair is "cloudless;" one of Stormonth's itions of fair is "cloudless;" one of Stormonth's jeven regular customers. Good location, rooms, is "fine, as weather." There is nothing in findianapolis. One of the best kept hotels for the prices charged in the country. Rate for transient \$2 per day. Very favorable rates jeven regular customers. Good location, rooms, elevator and all modern conveniences.



Always please as a present. Make your choice from 118 styles, Lined and Unlined, 50c, 65c, 85c, 90c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 and upward,

FOR MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN

Changes made after Christmas, and presents fitted to the hand.

Handkerchiefs

Men, Women and Children's, Silk, Linen, Embroidered and trouble whatever, but for some inexplicable rea- Plain—5c, 10c, 20c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c, 85c and upward.

SILK AND SATIN MUFFLERS

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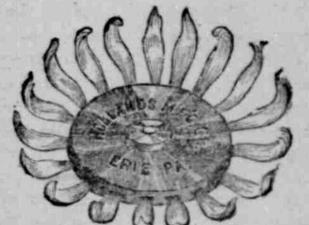
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